

Neutron capture study by ANNRI

The 3rd workshop on Level Density and Gamma Strength

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Univ. of Oslo

Shoji NAKAMURA

Research Group for Applied Nuclear Physics

Japan Atomic Energy Agency

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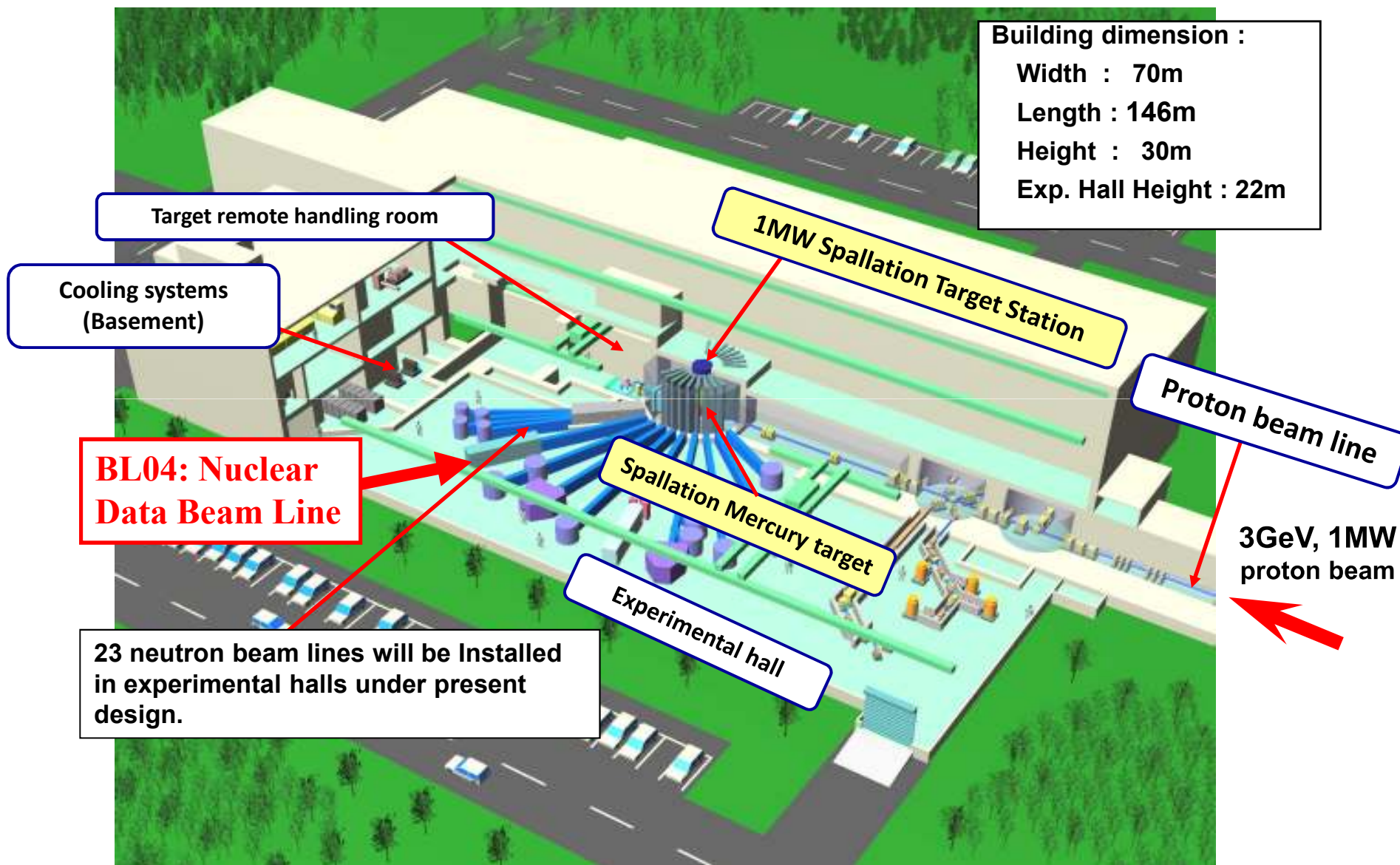
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Materials and Life Science Experimental Facility



Materials and Life Science Experimental Facility

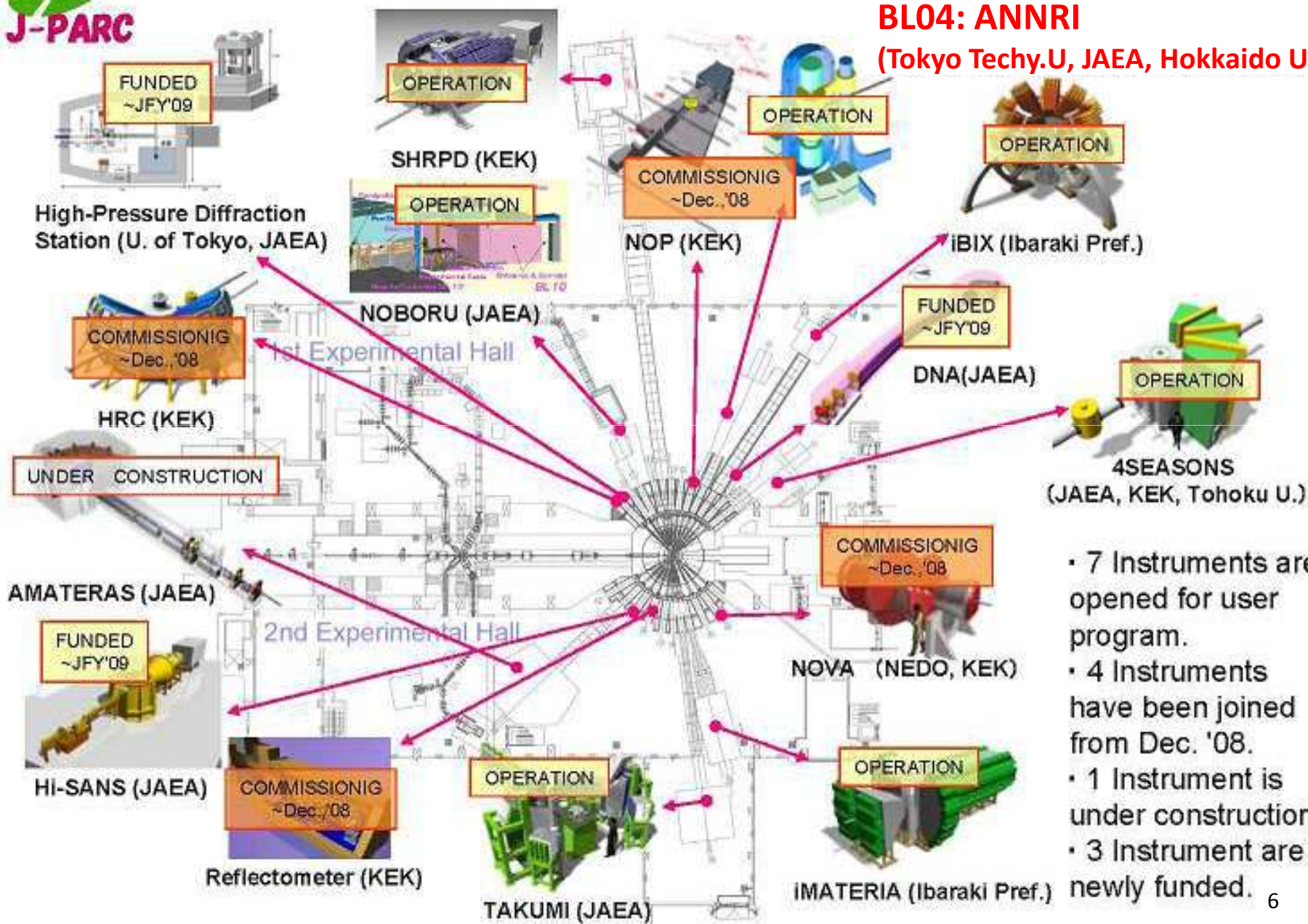




Instrument Suite in MLF, J-PARC

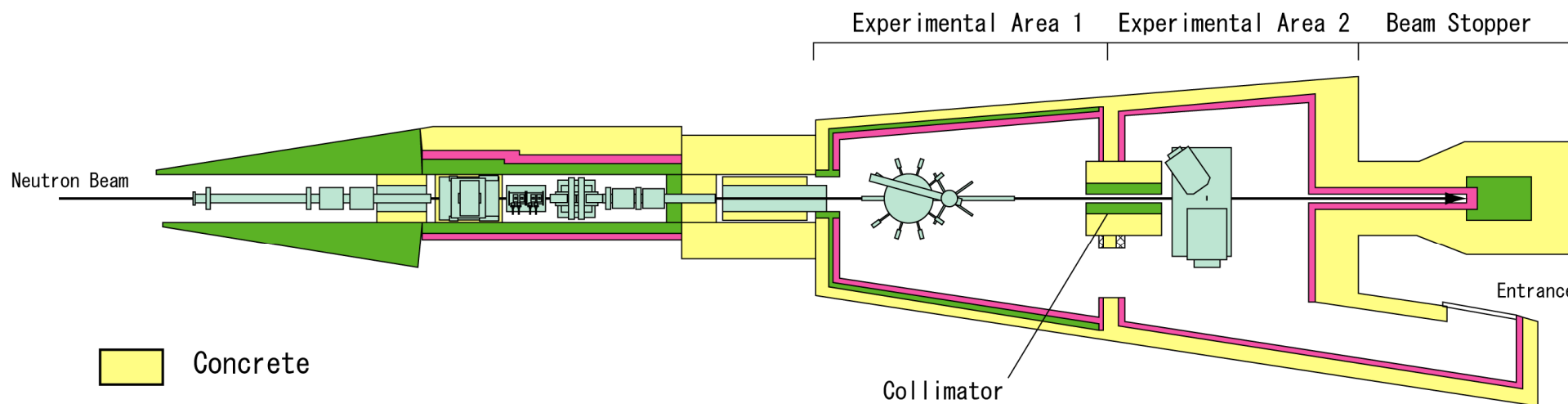
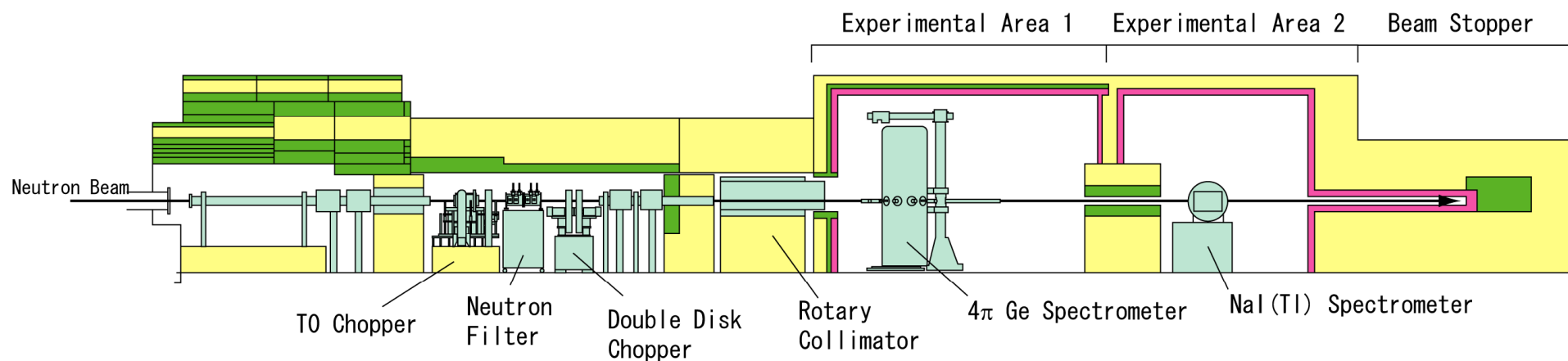
BL04: ANNRI

(Tokyo Techy.U, JAEA, Hokkaido U.)

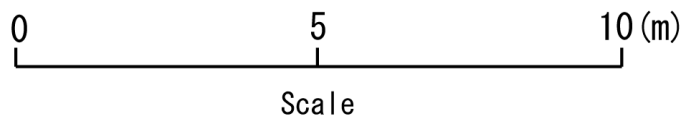


- 7 Instruments are opened for user program.
- 4 Instruments have been joined from Dec. '08.
- 1 Instrument is under construction.
- 3 Instrument are newly funded.

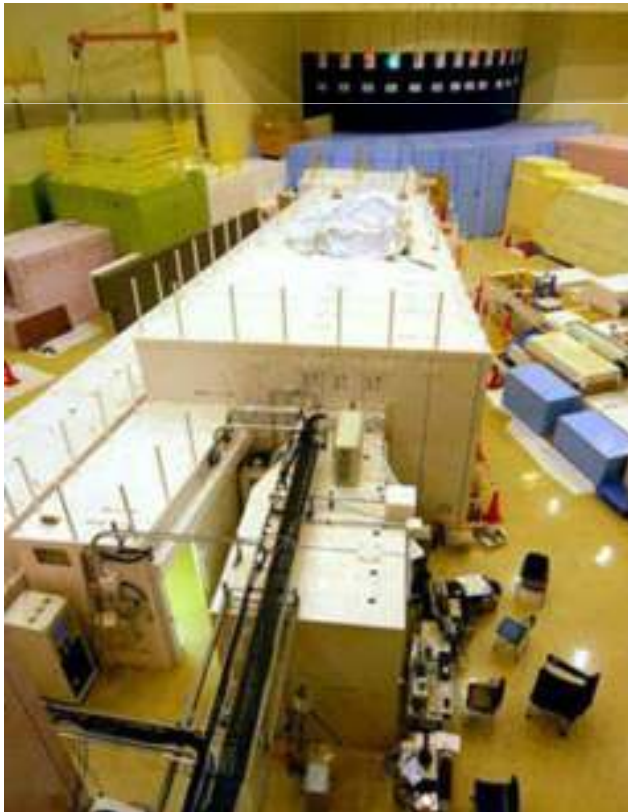
Accurate Neutron – Nucleus Reaction Instrument: ANNRI



- Concrete
- Iron
- Boron Resin

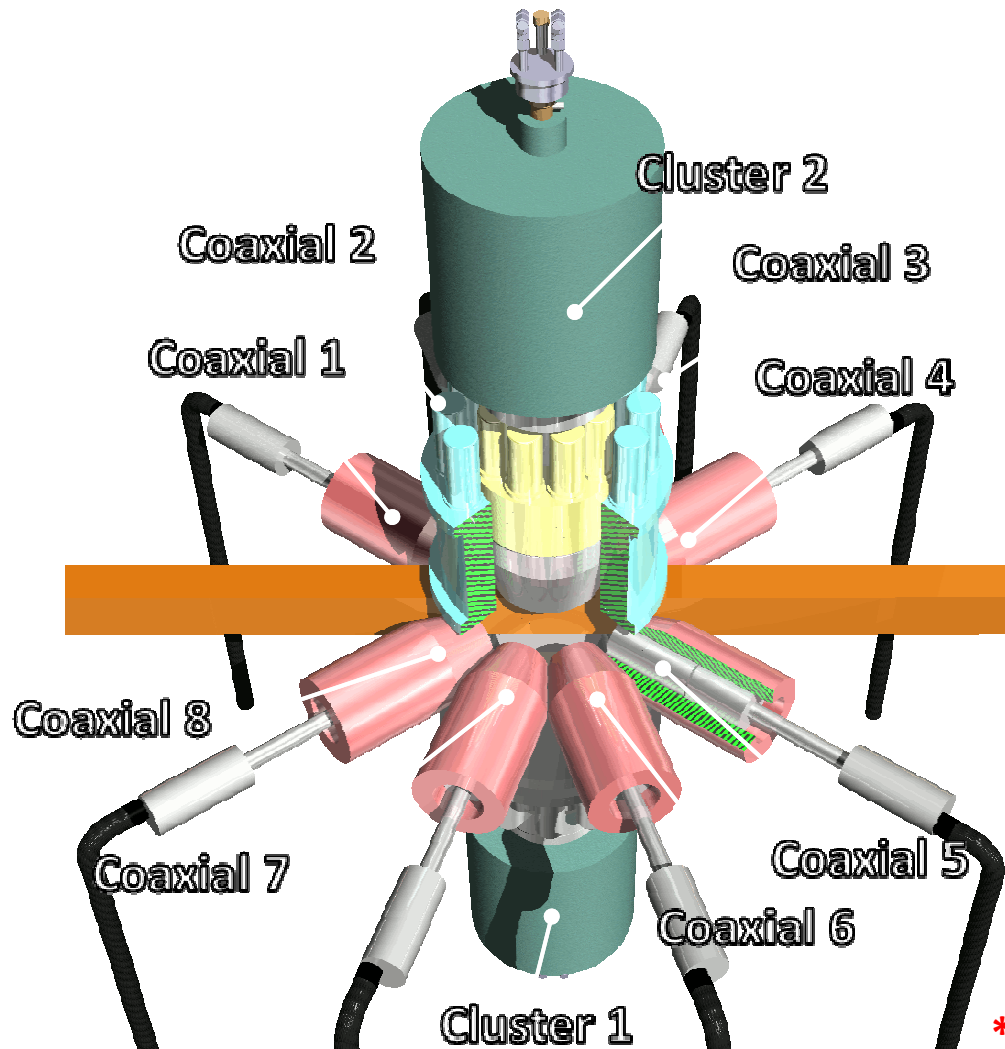


Accurate Neutron –Nucleus Reaction Instrument: ANNRI



**Neutron Source: J-PARC/MLF
3GeV Proton Spallation
Beam Condition: 120 kW, 25 Hz
Pulse Width : 100 ns (double bunch)
Beam Line : BL04
Flight Path : 21.5m, 27m
Notch filters : Mn, Co, In, Ag, Cd**

Measurement of Neutron-Capture Cross Section with 4π Ge detector at ANNRI



Two Cluster-type Ge detectors:
 $2 \times 7\text{ch} = 14\text{ch}$
Eight Coaxial-type Ge detectors:
 $8 \times 1\text{ch} = 8\text{ch}$
Total: 22ch

Energy Resolution * @1.33MeV:
9.8 keV (On beam)
2.4 keV (Off beam)

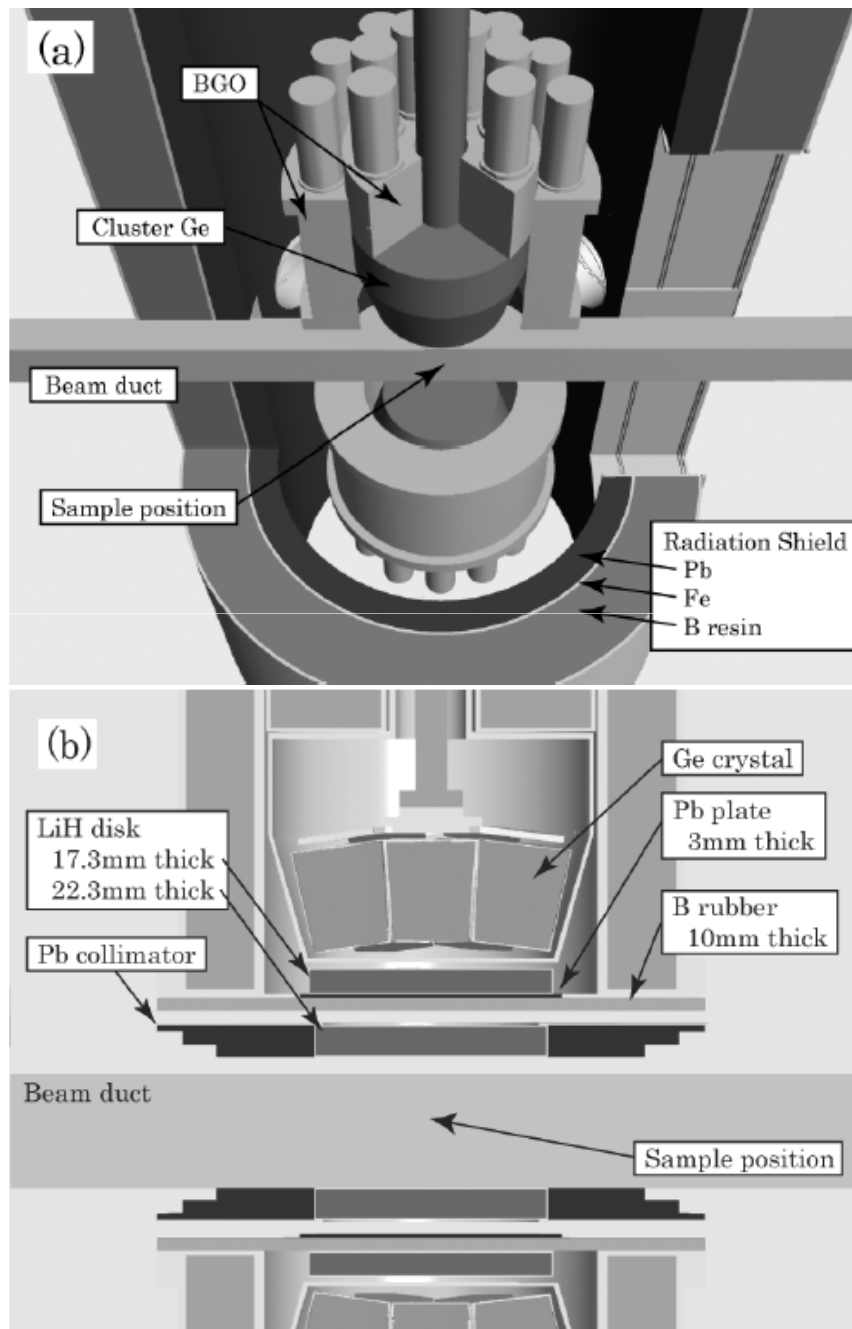
Peak Efficiency @1.33MeV:
 $3.64 \pm 0.11 \%$

Time Resolution (DAQ):
10 ns (Max 16.7ms)

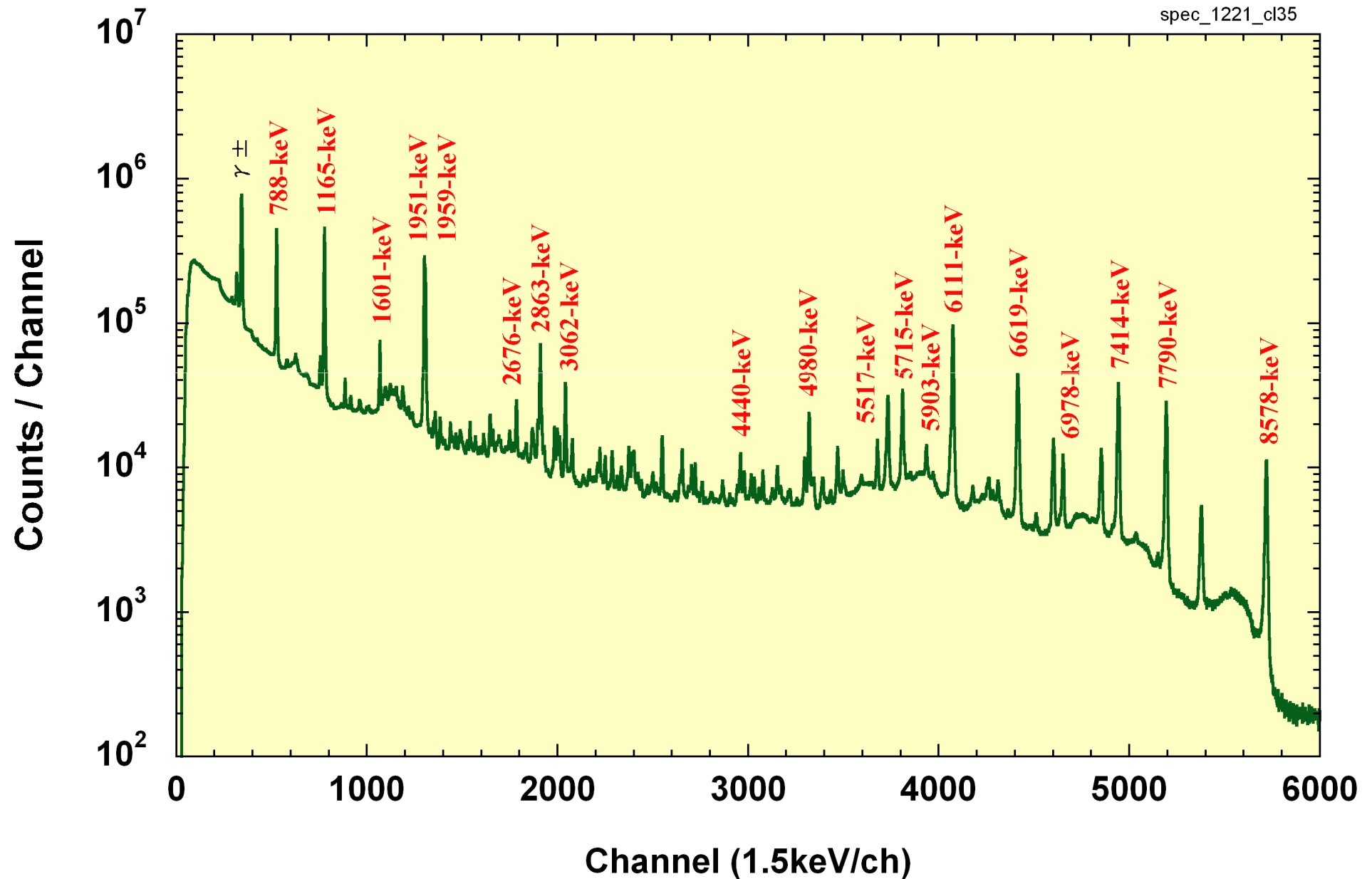
Max.Event Rate (DAQ):
300 k events/s.

* T. Kin *et. al.*, the 2009 NSS-MIC Conf. Rec. ,
N24-2, (2009).

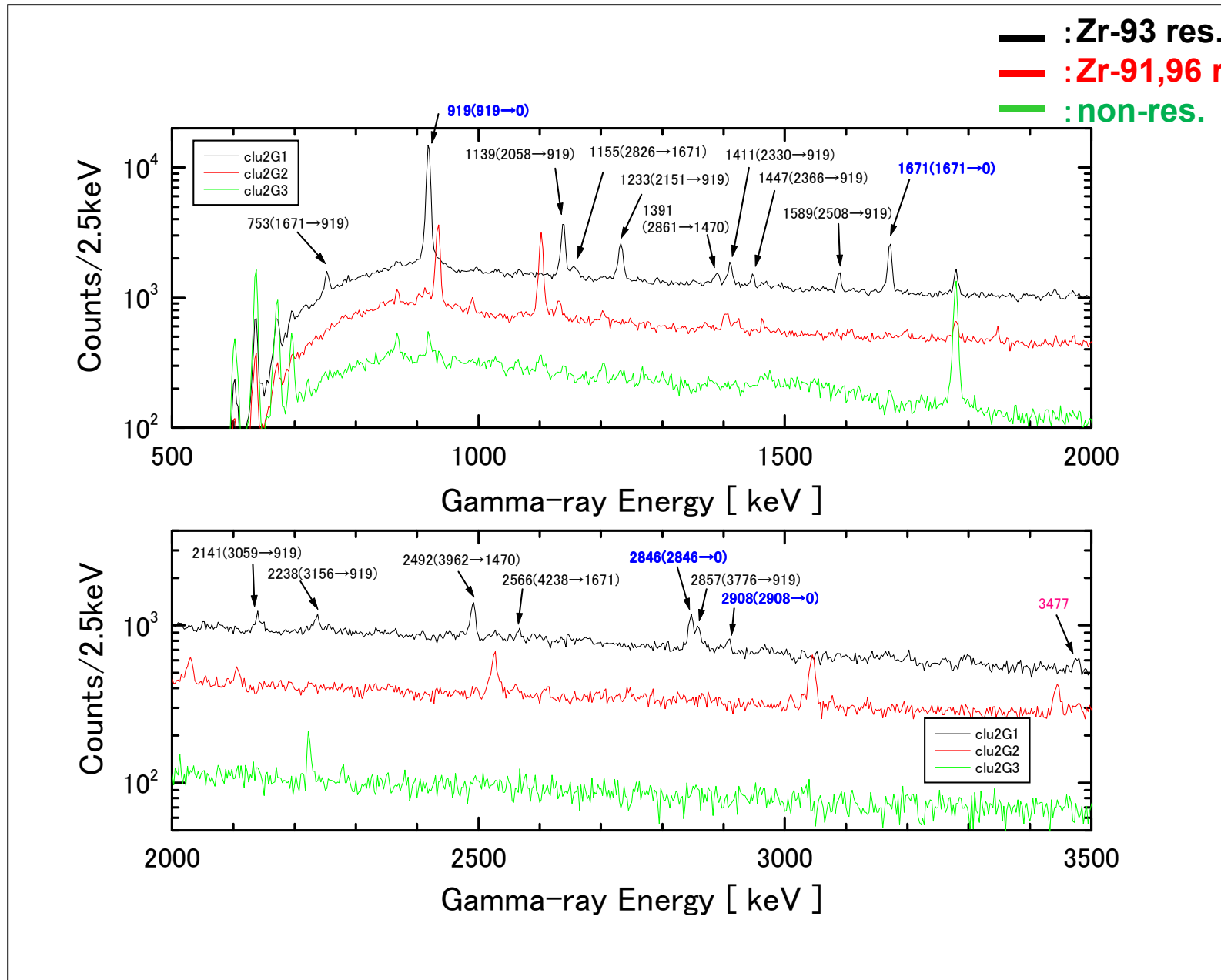
Two Cluster Ge detectors with BGO anti-coincidence shields

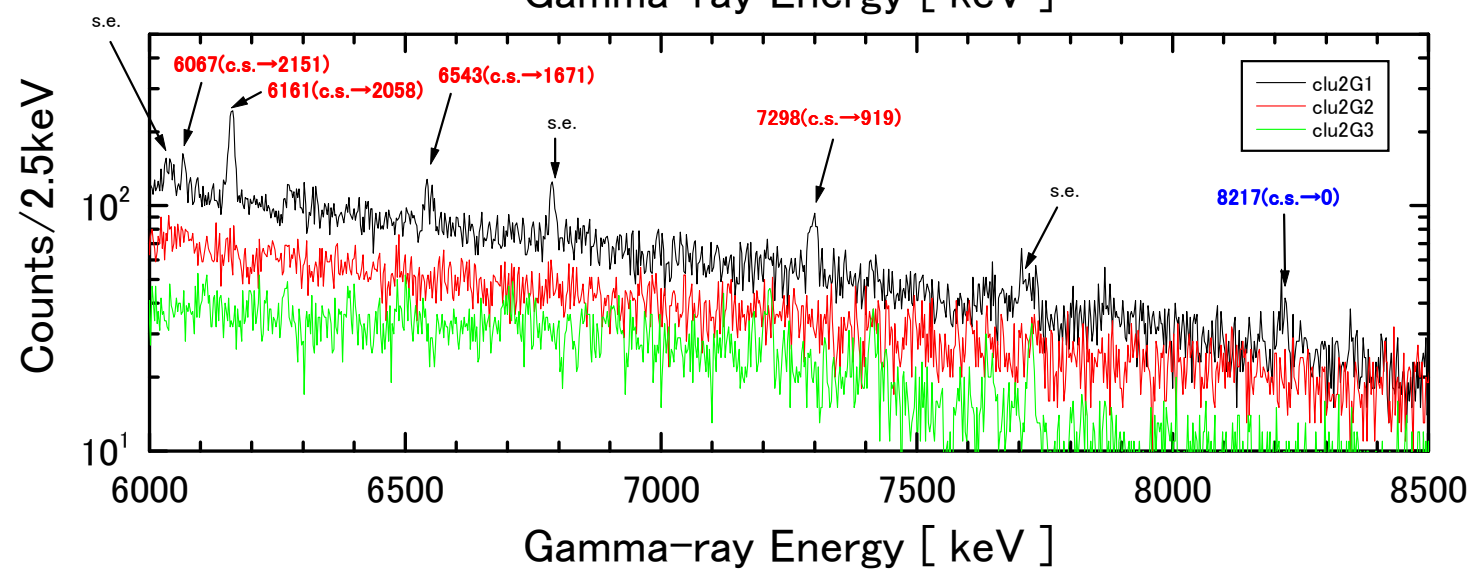
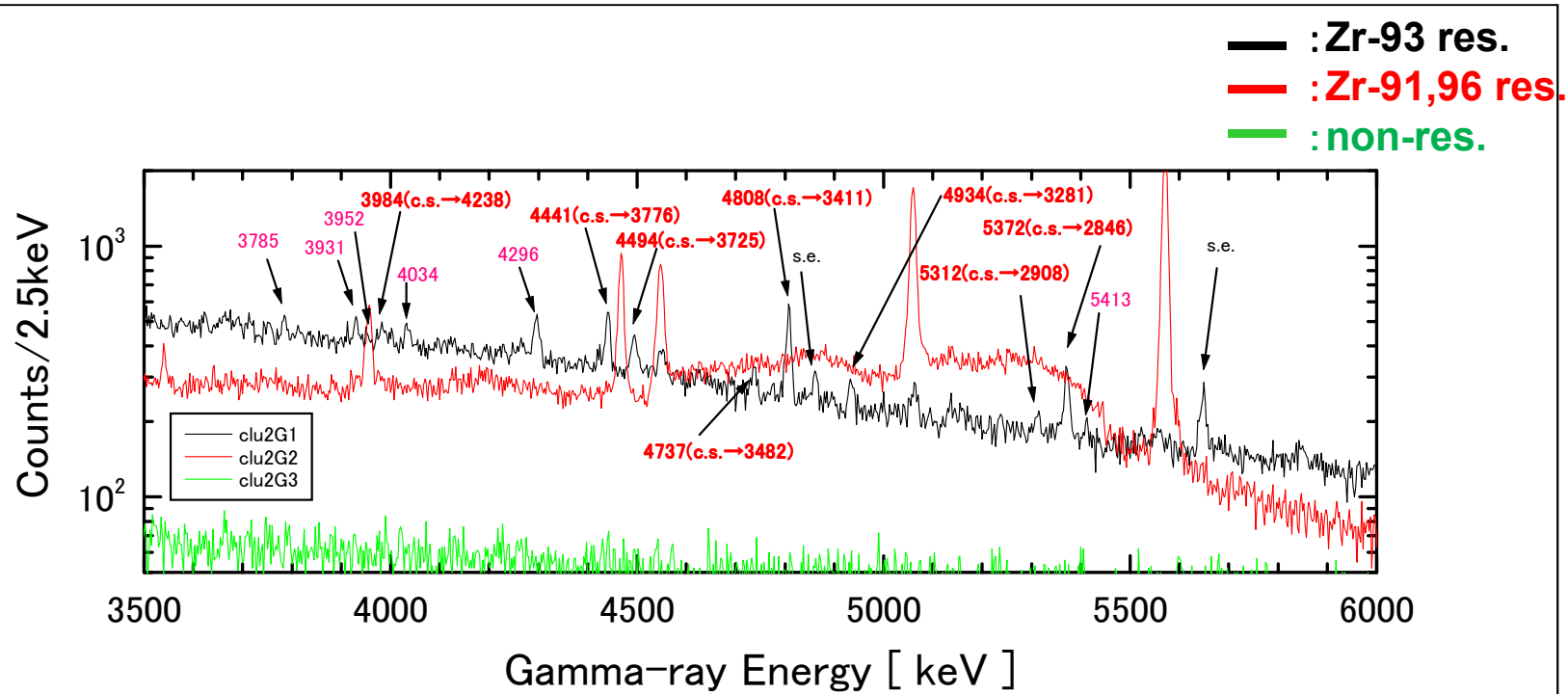


Capture γ -ray spectrum of Cl-35



P.H. Spectra gated by TOF regions

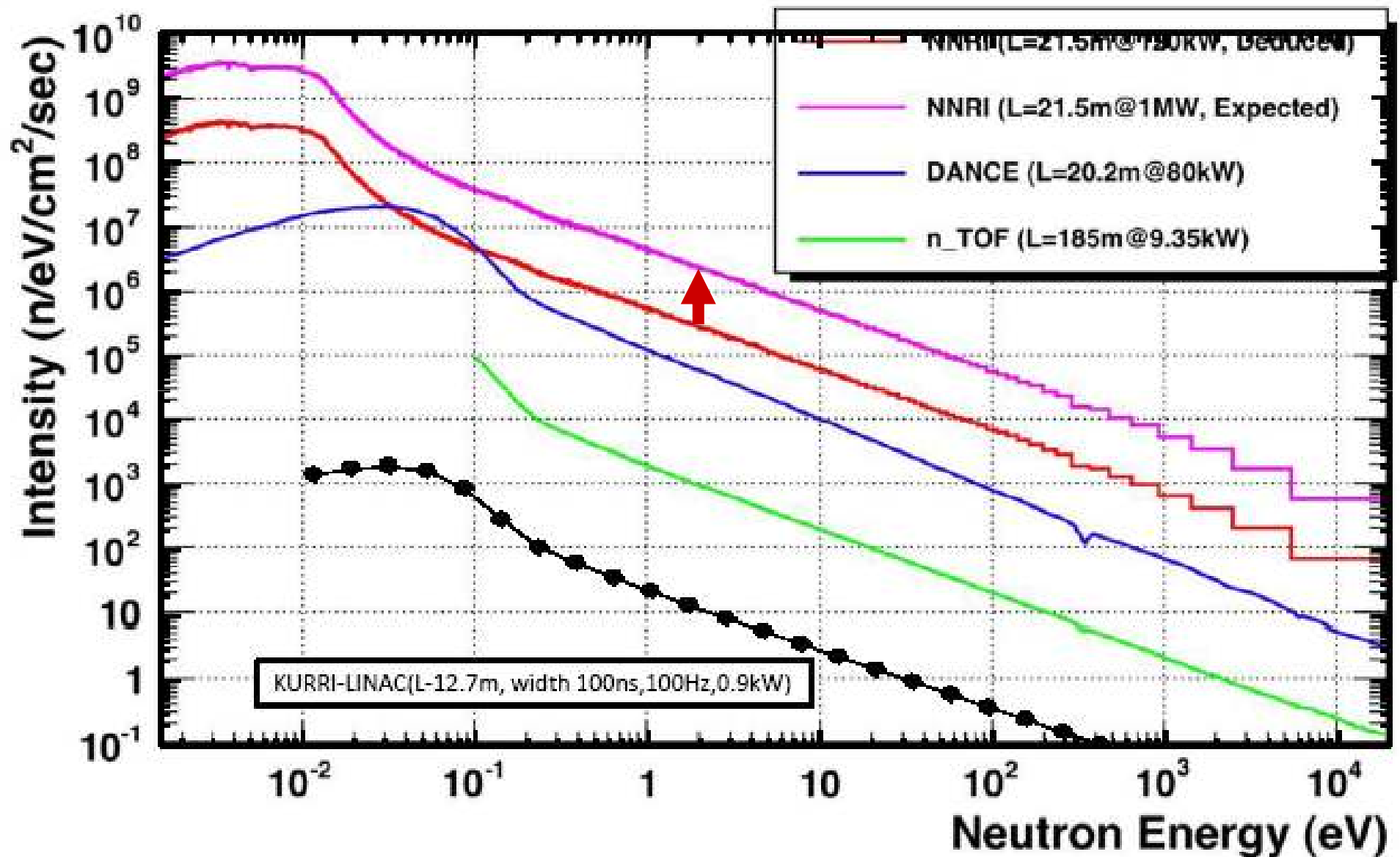




Pulsed neutron sources

Facility Reference	Beam energy	Beam power n Intensity	Beam pulse width Pulse per sec	Flux
IRMM, GELINA ND2007, p.563	Electron 100 MeV	6 kW	1 ns 800 Hz	@ 12 m
ORNL, ORELA ND2007, p.441	Electron 180 MeV	5 kW 10^{13} n/s	8 ns 525 Hz	@ 40 m
Kyoto, e Linac ND2007, p.591	Electron 30 MeV	1 kW	100 ns 100 Hz	@ 10 m
CERN, n-TOF ND2007, p.537	Proton 20 GeV	9 kW 10^{15} n/s	6 ns 0.4 Hz	4×10^5 n/cm ² /s @ 185 m
LANL, Lujan ND2007, p.415	Proton 0.8 GeV	80 kW	135 ns 20 Hz	@ 20 m
J-PARC, MLF (Expected)	Proton 3 GeV	1 MW $\sim 10^{17}$ n/s	~ 100 ns 25 Hz	$\sim 10^9$ n/cm ² /s @ 22 m

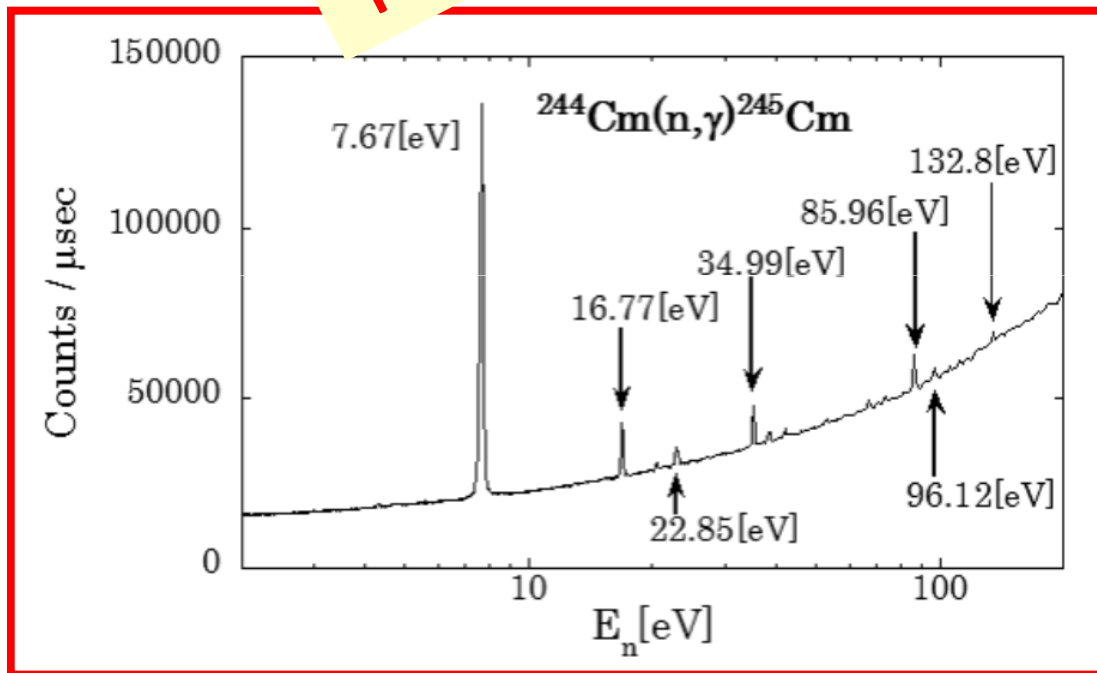
Comparison of neutron fluxes at other facilities



Some of Highlight Data

Measurement of ^{244}Cm at J-PARC/MLF/ANNRI

Preliminary

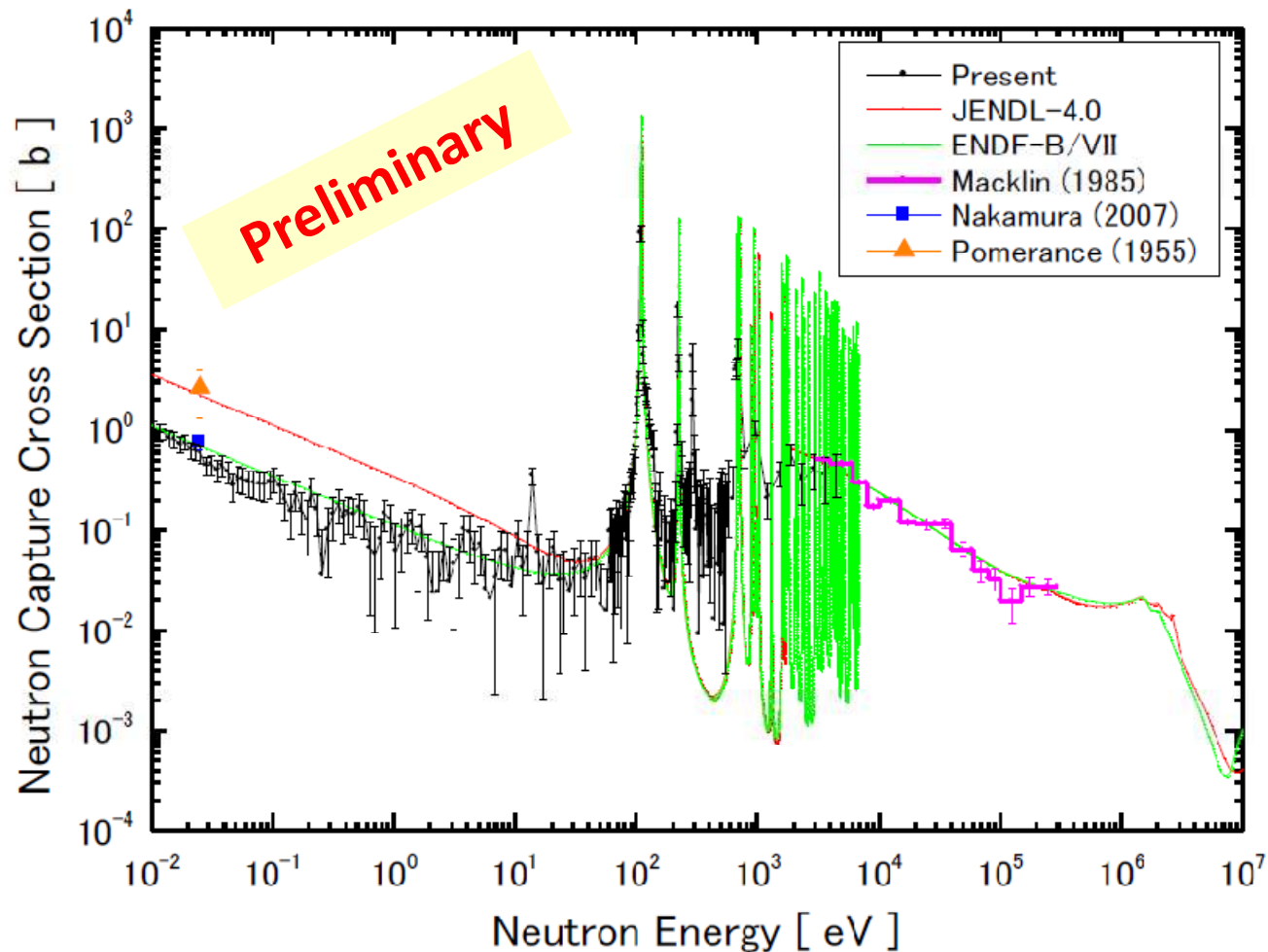


E_n [eV]	Present work	JENDL-3.3
7.67	1.0	1.0
16.77	0.1191 ± 0.0020	0.0981
22.85	0.0352 ± 0.0017	0.0315
34.99	0.1142 ± 0.0034	0.1022
85.96	0.1047 ± 0.0052	0.1643
96.12	0.0960 ± 0.0089	0.0593
132.8	0.0747 ± 0.0084	0.0779

* The total systematic uncertainty : 6 %.

S.Goko *et al.*, *J.Nucl.Sci.Technol*,
47, p.1097 (2010).

Neutron Capture Cross Sections of Zr-93



Thermal-neutron capture cross section

Present (Preliminary) : (Lower limit: 0.58 ± 0.07), estimated 0.70 ± 0.08 b
Nakamura et al.(2007) : (Lower limit: 0.63 ± 0.02), estimated 0.76 ± 0.13 b
JENDL-4 : 2.239 b, ENDF-B/VII : 0.695 b

Summary

The operation of a new experimental apparatus called “ANNRI” in the MLF @at J-PARC has been started for neutron-capture cross section measurements of MAs and FPs.

Advantages of *ANNRI*: **Intense Neutron Flux** and **High Resolution**

Open for users on following research fields:

- **Nuclear Data Measurements**
for advanced reactor systems
- **Nuclear Astrophysics**
- **Radionuclide Quantification**
- **Multiple prompt gamma-ray analysis**

..... etc.

Damage after Great East-Japan Earthquake on 11 March, 2011



near Linac Facility

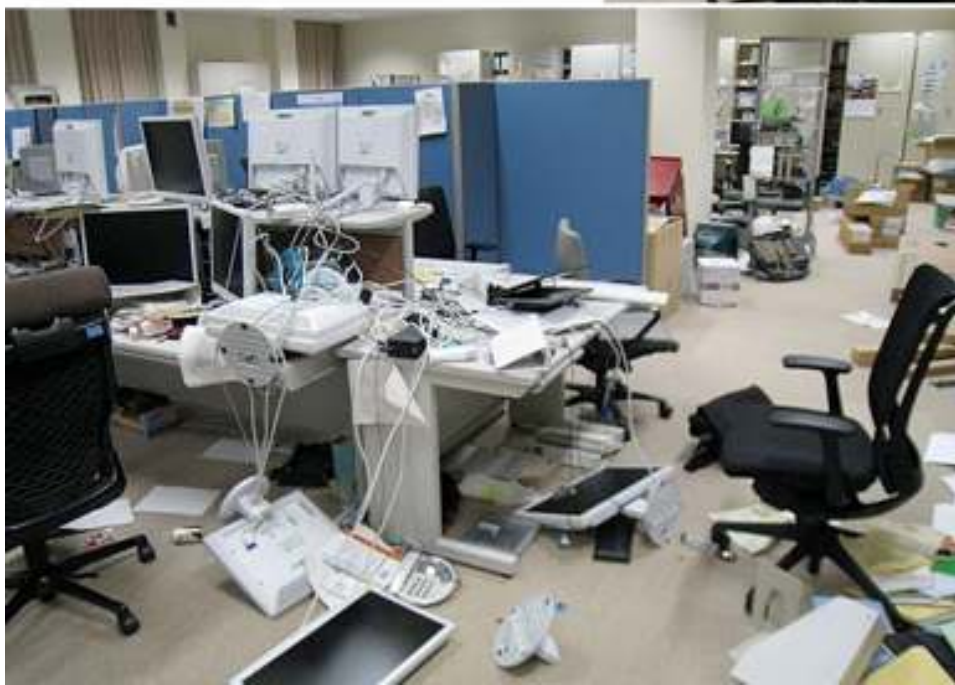


Damage after Great East-Japan Earthquake on 11 March, 2011



3GeV Synchrotron

Damage after Great East-Japan Earthquake on 11 March, 2011



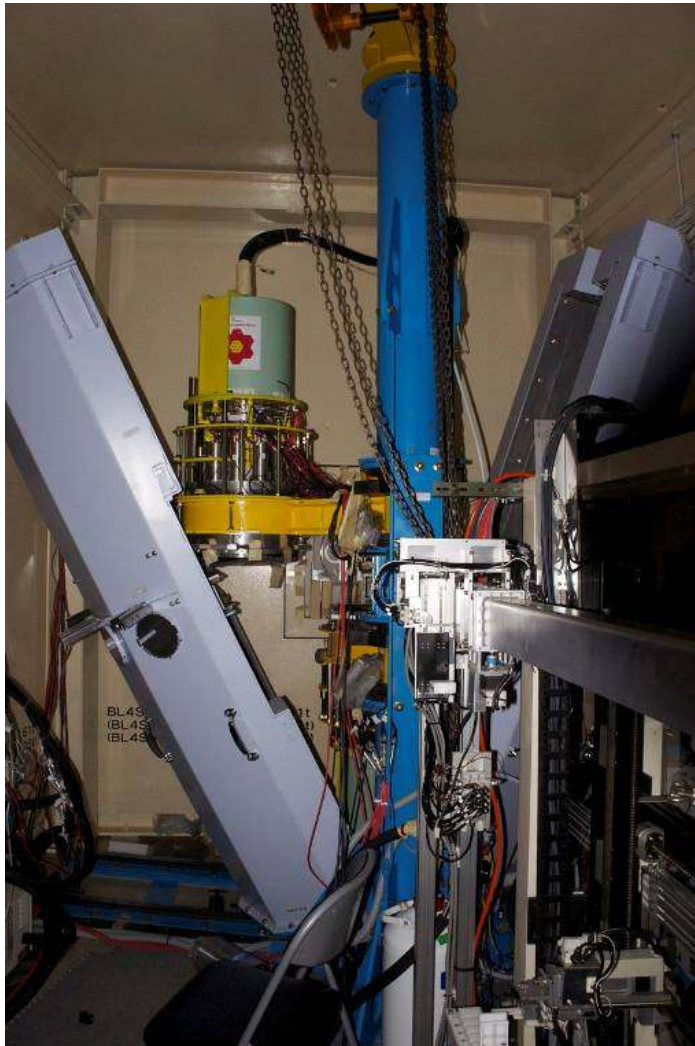
Main Control Room

50GeV (MR) Synchrotron



Aim for Restoration

Damage after Great East-Japan Earthquake on 11 March, 2011



4 π Ge detector @ANNRI



Removal of Pb shield walls ²²

Recovery Prospects

Dec., 2011~ Beam tuning & Delivery
Jan., 2012~ 2 cycle operation
Beam power: 100-kW

Contact

**If there are anything (e.g. experimental proposals),
please drop a line to contact persons:**

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Thank you for your kind attention

Materials in reserve

Current status of nuclear data

Relation between Experiment and Evaluation

Thermal neutron capture cross section

	References	$^{107}\text{Pd}(n, \gamma)$
Exp	J, NST, 44, 103 (2007)	9.16 ± 0.27 b
Eva 1	Mughabghab(1981)	1.8 ± 0.2 b
	Mughabghab(2006)	2.54 ± 0.20 b
Eva 2	JENDL-3.3 (2002)	2.007 b

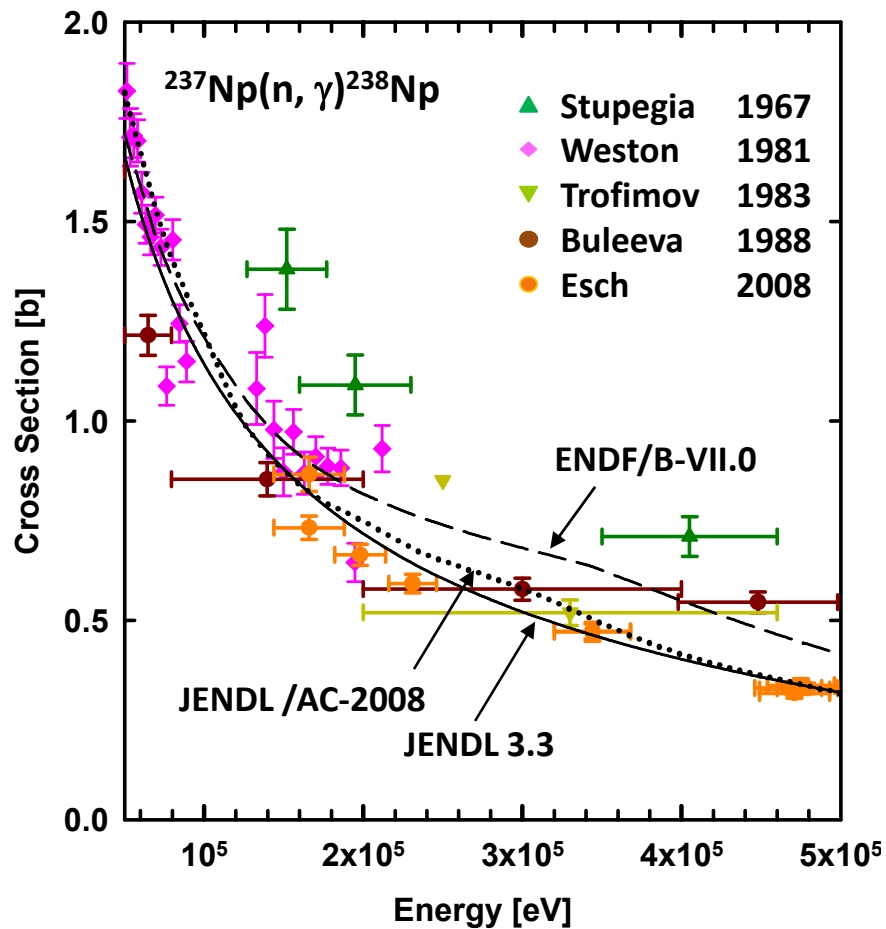
Current status of nuclear data

Examples of Uncertainties in Evaluation

References	$^{244}\text{Cm}(n, f)$ 0.5-1.35 MeV	$^{237}\text{Np}(n, \gamma)$ 0.5-1.35 MeV
J. NSE, 146, 13 2004 ANL	40 %	15 %
JENDL-3.3 2002 JAEA	7.7 %	3.4 %

Current status of nuclear data

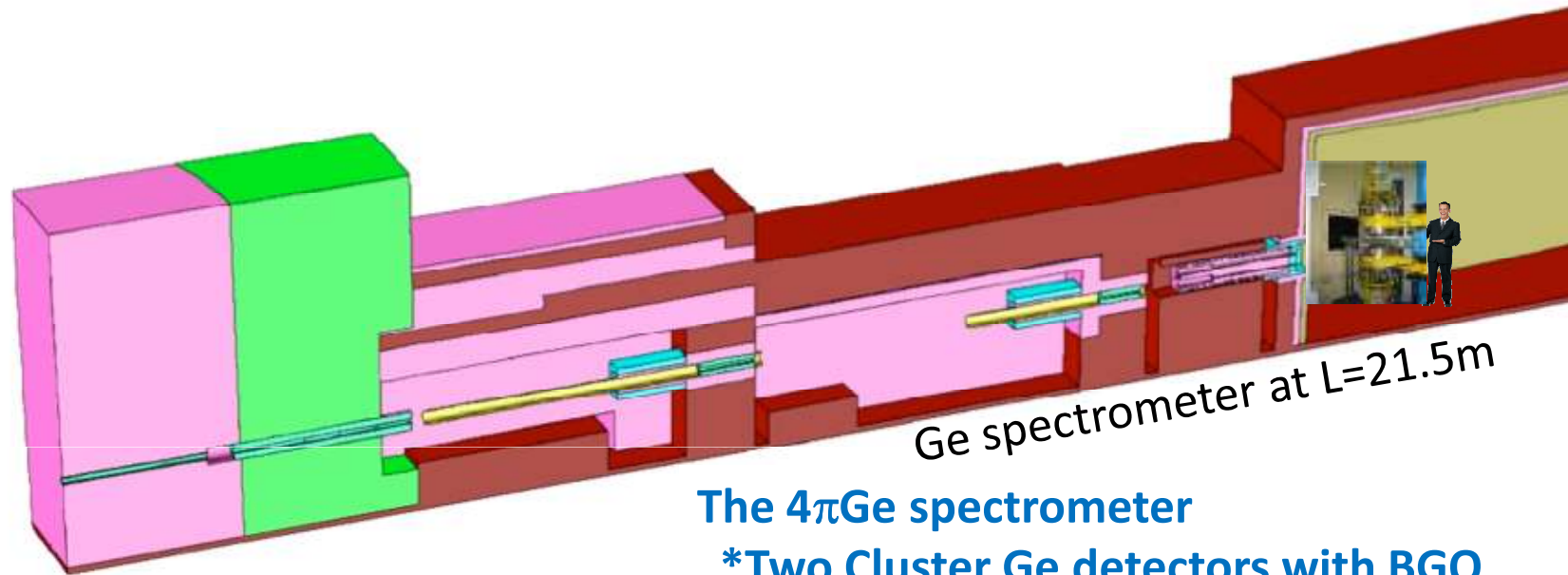
Examples of Experimental Uncertainties



How can we know
the correct nuclear data ?

How can we deduce the
appropriate uncertainties?

Measurement of Neutron-Capture Cross Section with 4π Ge detector at ANNRI

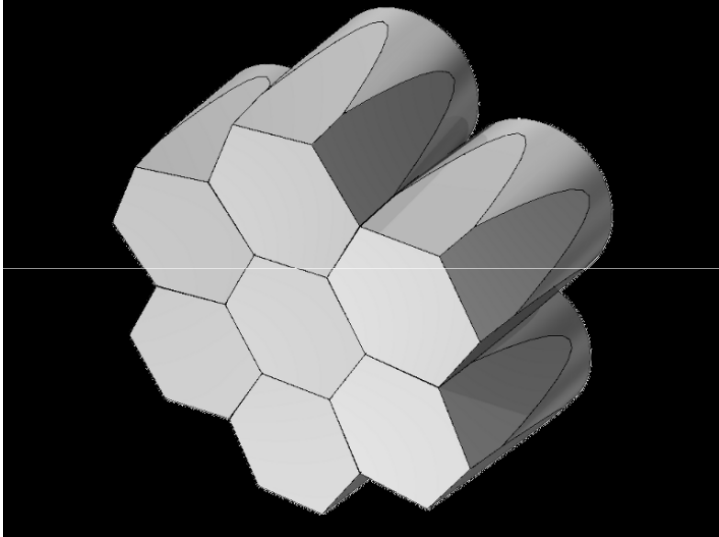


The 4π Ge spectrometer

- * Two Cluster Ge detectors with BGO anti-coincidence shields were used.
- * One to Eight coaxial Ge detectors can be installed.

The beam condition

- * **120 kW**, 25 Hz, Double-Bunch
- * Notch filters: Mn, Co, In, Ag, Cd



Pacific Ocean

